## Kepler CMOS Camera

KL6060 BI PRELIMINARY

## 6K x 6K with 10 micron pixels

The KL6060 BI scientific CMOS camera has the same sensitivity and imaging area as the back-illuminated CCD230-84 CCD, but with a fraction of the noise even at multiple frames per second. Kepler cooled sCMOS cameras provide ultra-high sensitivity, ultra-low noise, and high frame rates, all at game-changing price to performance ratio.

## Technical Data

Sensor Type Back Illuminated CMOS
Sensor GPixel GSense6060 BI

Shutter Type Rolling
Active Pixels  $6144 \times 6144$ Pixel Size (microns)  $10 \times 10 \ \mu m$ 

Imaging Area (Diagonal) 61.4 X 61.4 mm (86.8 mm)

Full Well Capacity 102000 electrons

Typical Readout Noise 3.0 e-Dynamic Range 90.3 dB

Frame Rate 11 fps (QSFP)

Cooling Method <sup>1</sup> Air and Liquid

Max. Cooling (Air) 45°C below ambient

Temperature Stability 0.1°C

Dark Current (typical) 0.1 eps at -20C

Interface USB 3.0 (Optional QSFP<sup>2</sup>)

Data Bit Depth 16 bit<sup>3</sup>
Optional Shutter 90mm

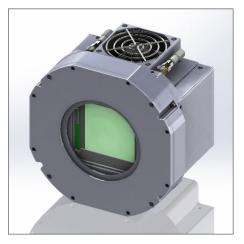
Optional Mounts Medium Format Recommended (6x7)

Subarray Readout Standard

External Trigger In/Out Standard

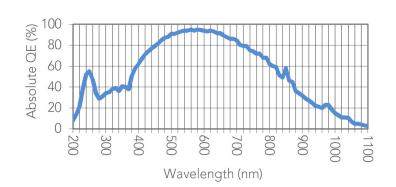
SDK / Software Kepler SDK (Open Source) /

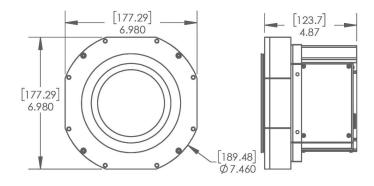
Weight 8.2 lbs (3.7 kg)



Also available with 90mm shutter

## Absolute Quantum Efficiency





See www.flicamera.com for alternate configurations





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Liquid circulation connectors sold separately

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> QSFP = Quad Small Form factor Pluggable: high speed fiber optic interface

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 16-bit data merged from two 12 bit converters